

Experimental characterization of mechanical behavior of *in vivo* human skin by suction test

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Skin introduction

Layers, properties, research goals

Test description (*Ring suction test*)
Experimental device, camera output



Digital Image Correlation (DIC)

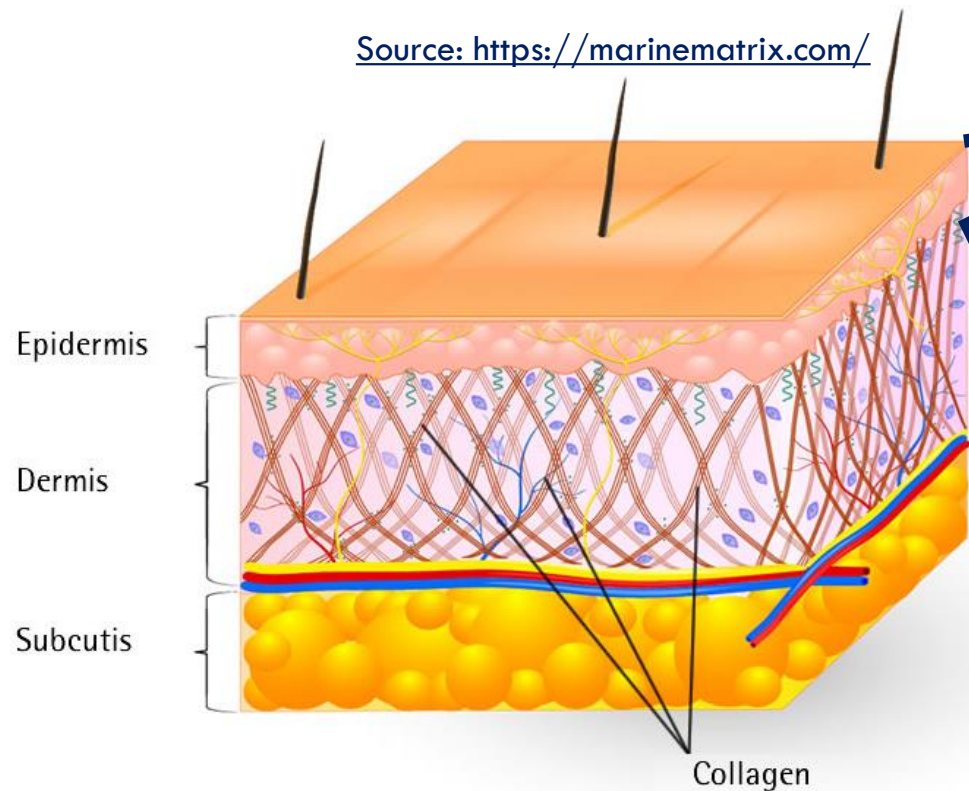
Displacement fields, resulting curves

Finite Element Model
Description, first results

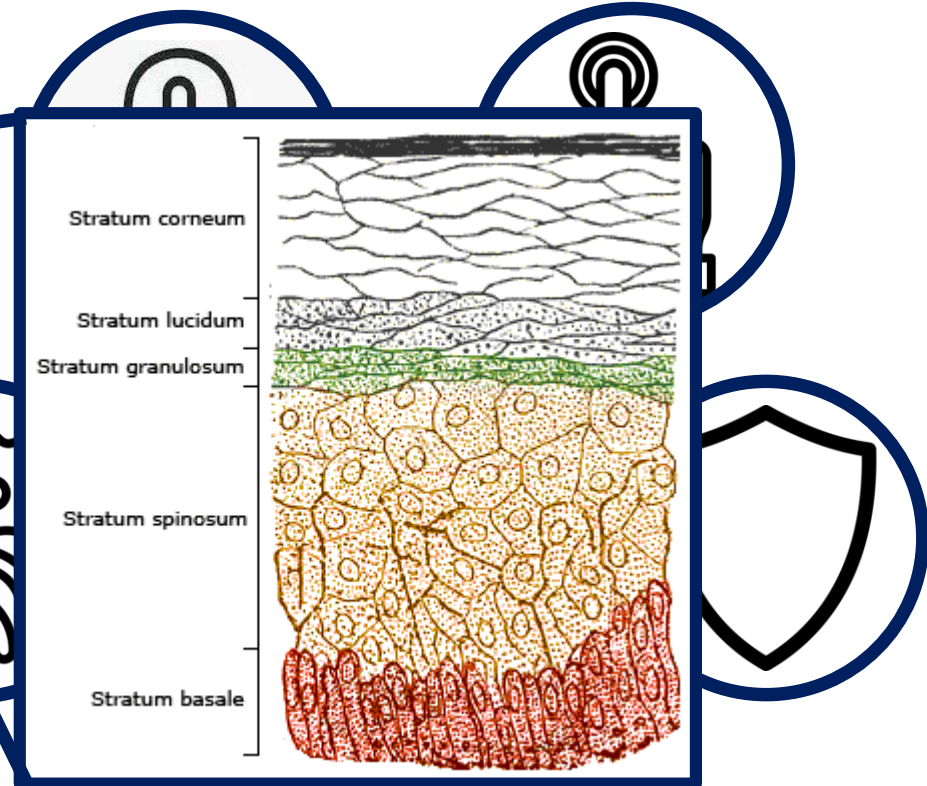


Skin introduction: Layers / Properties

Source: <https://marinematrix.com/>



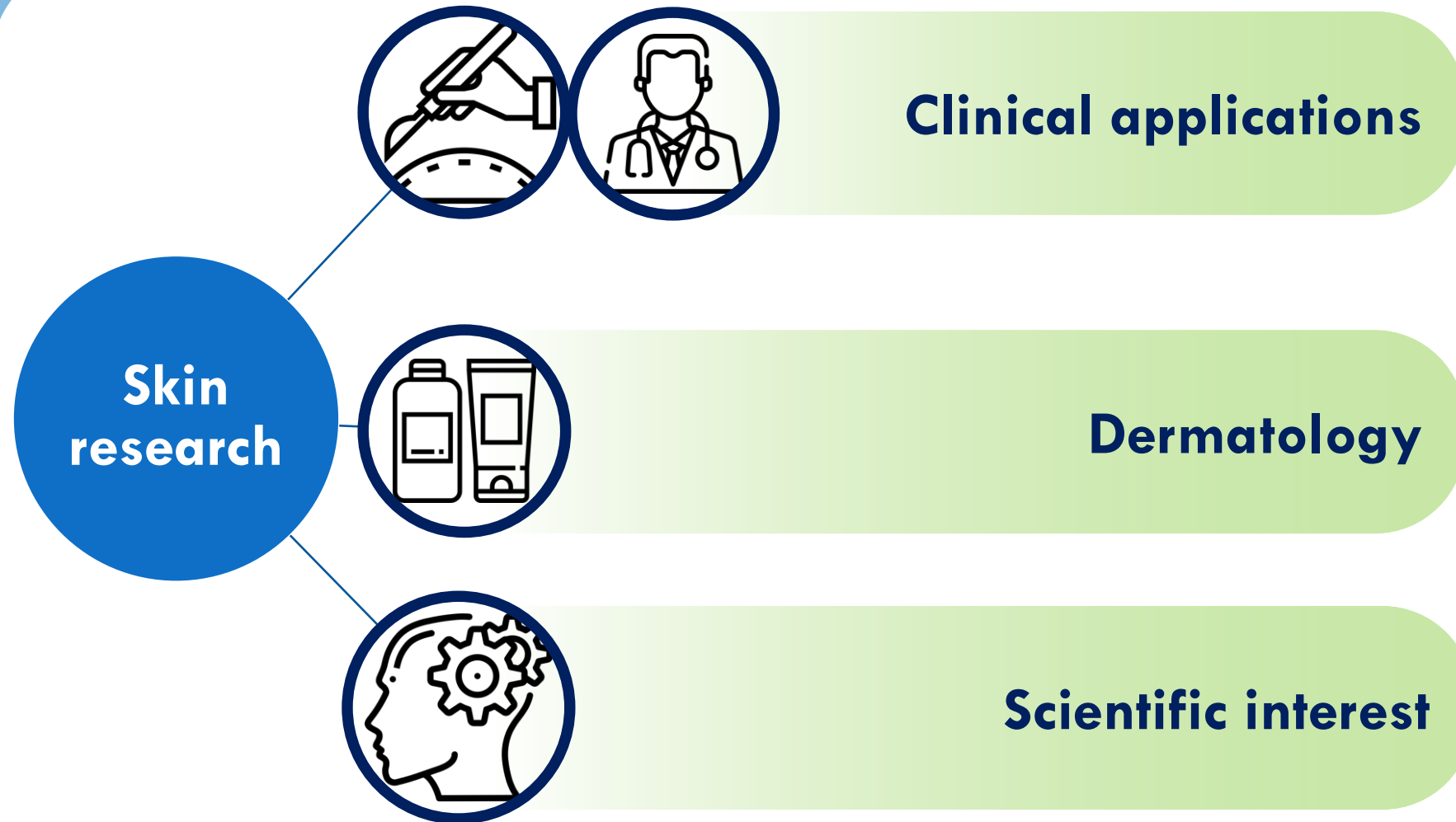
High variability on skin



Skin properties:

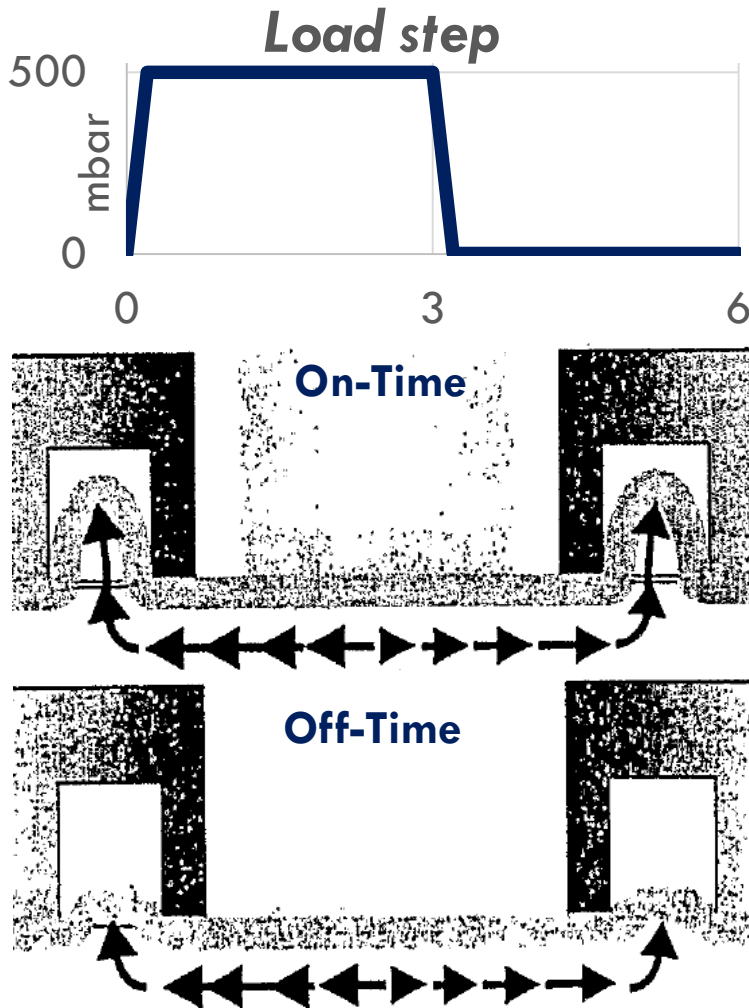
Biological / Thermal / Chemical / Mechanical

Skin introduction: Research goals



Experiment : Ring suction test

Courage+Khazaka Cutiscan CS100® device (Patent: EP1513445 / 2002)

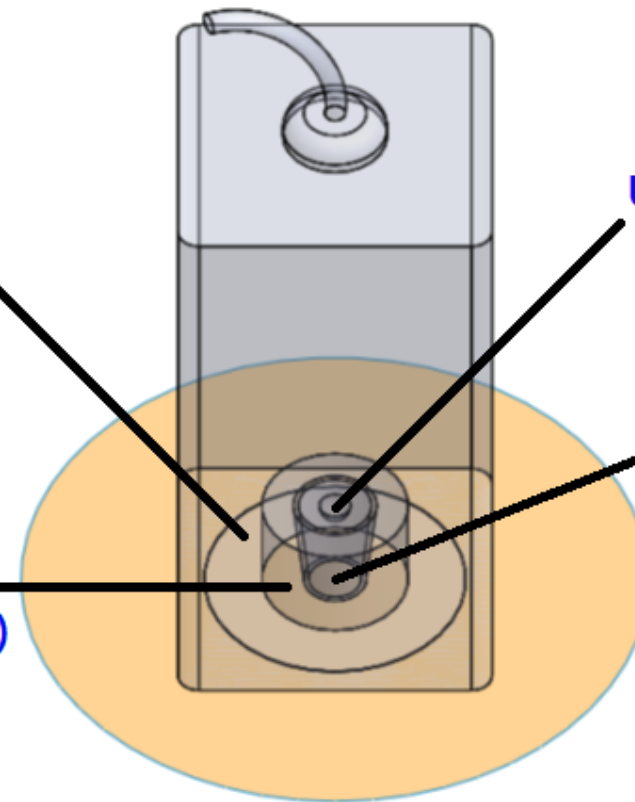


**Clamped zone
(with sticker)**

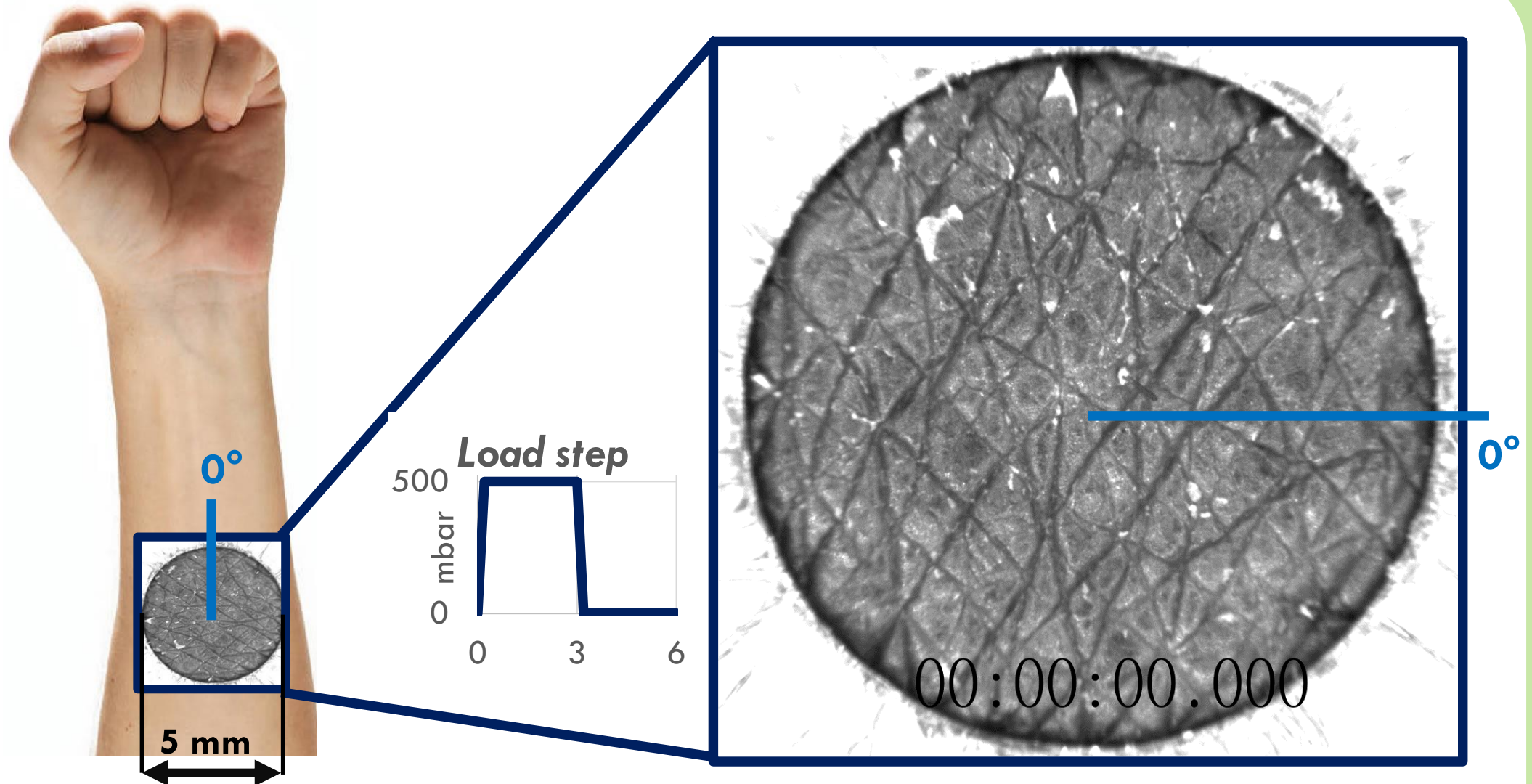
UV camera

**Measured area
(5mm diameter)**

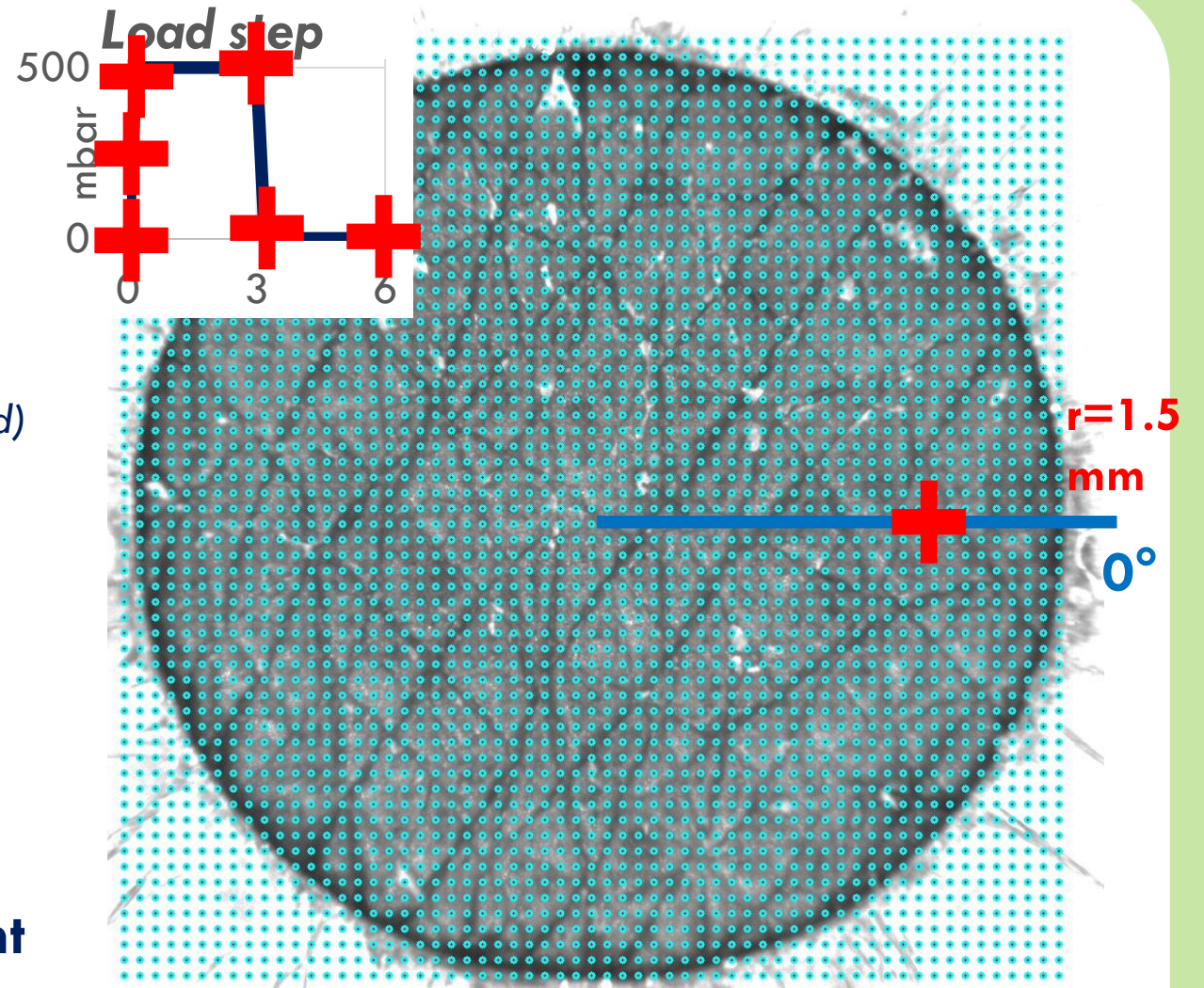
**Sucked zone
(14 mm diameter)**



Experiment : Camera output

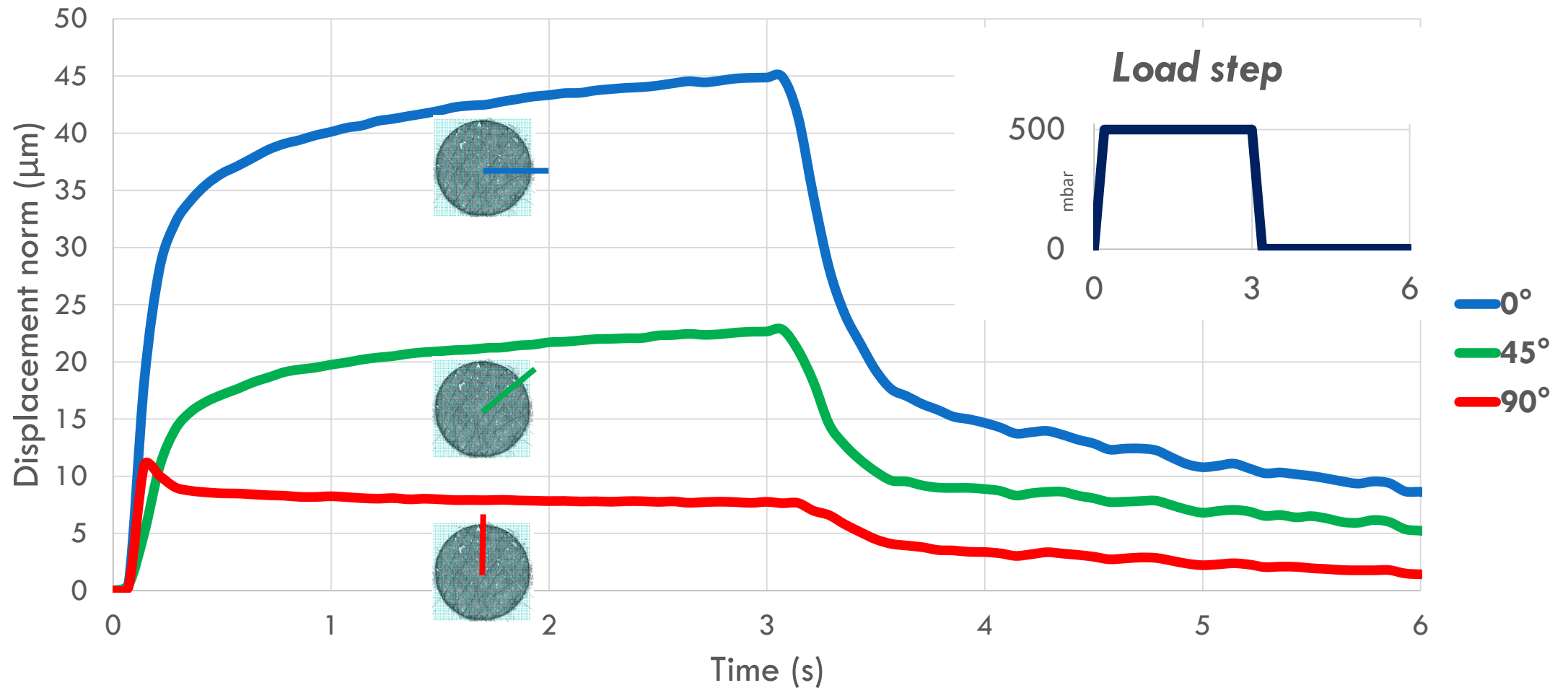


- **Automation of an algorithm available in the open-source library PyDic** (*D. André – Univ. Limoges*)
- **Lucas-Kanade method**
 - *Optical flow estimation*
 - *Purely local method (pixel neighbourhood)*
 - *Least squares criterion solving*
- **Adapted choice of correlation windows**
 - *Size*
 - *Spacing*
- **Brightness threshold ajustement**



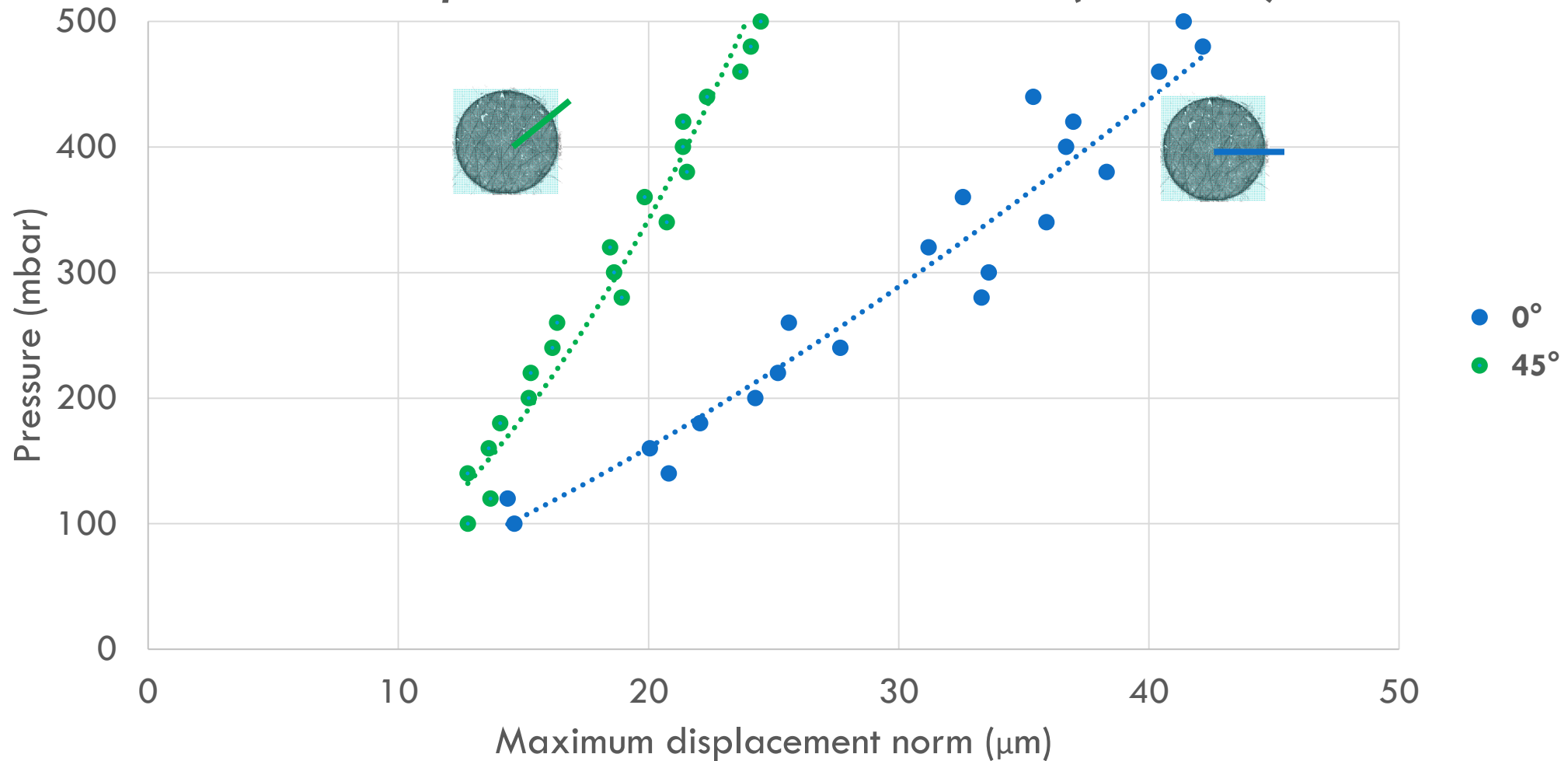
DIC: Angle influence

Displacement-time curves at fixed radius ($r=1.5$ mm)



DIC: Angle influence

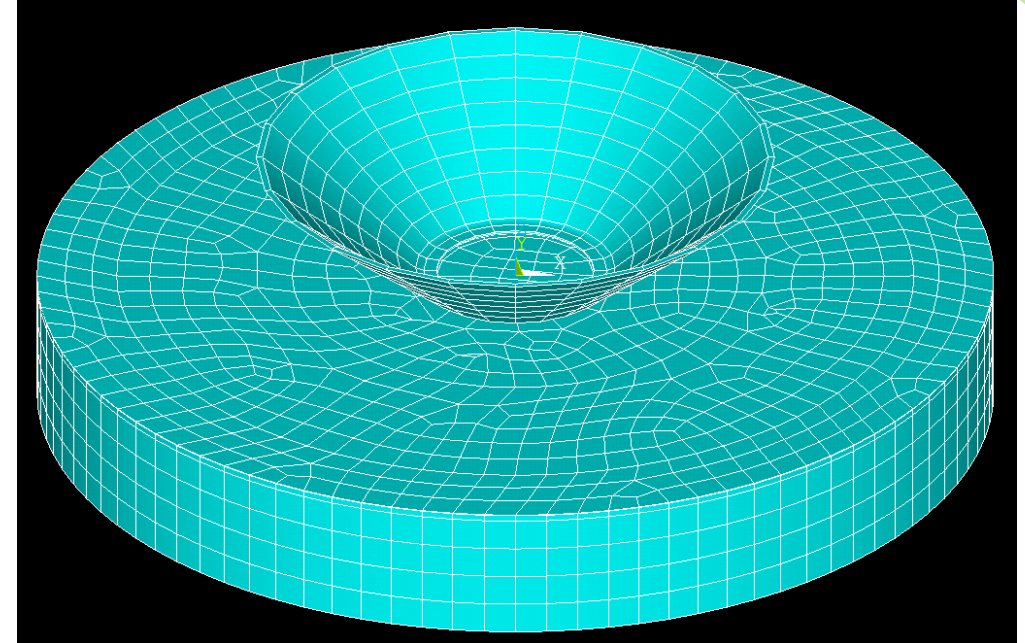
Pressure-displacement curves at fixed radius ($r=1.5\text{mm}$)



- Elastic isotropic behavior with geometrical non-linearities
- 4 layers

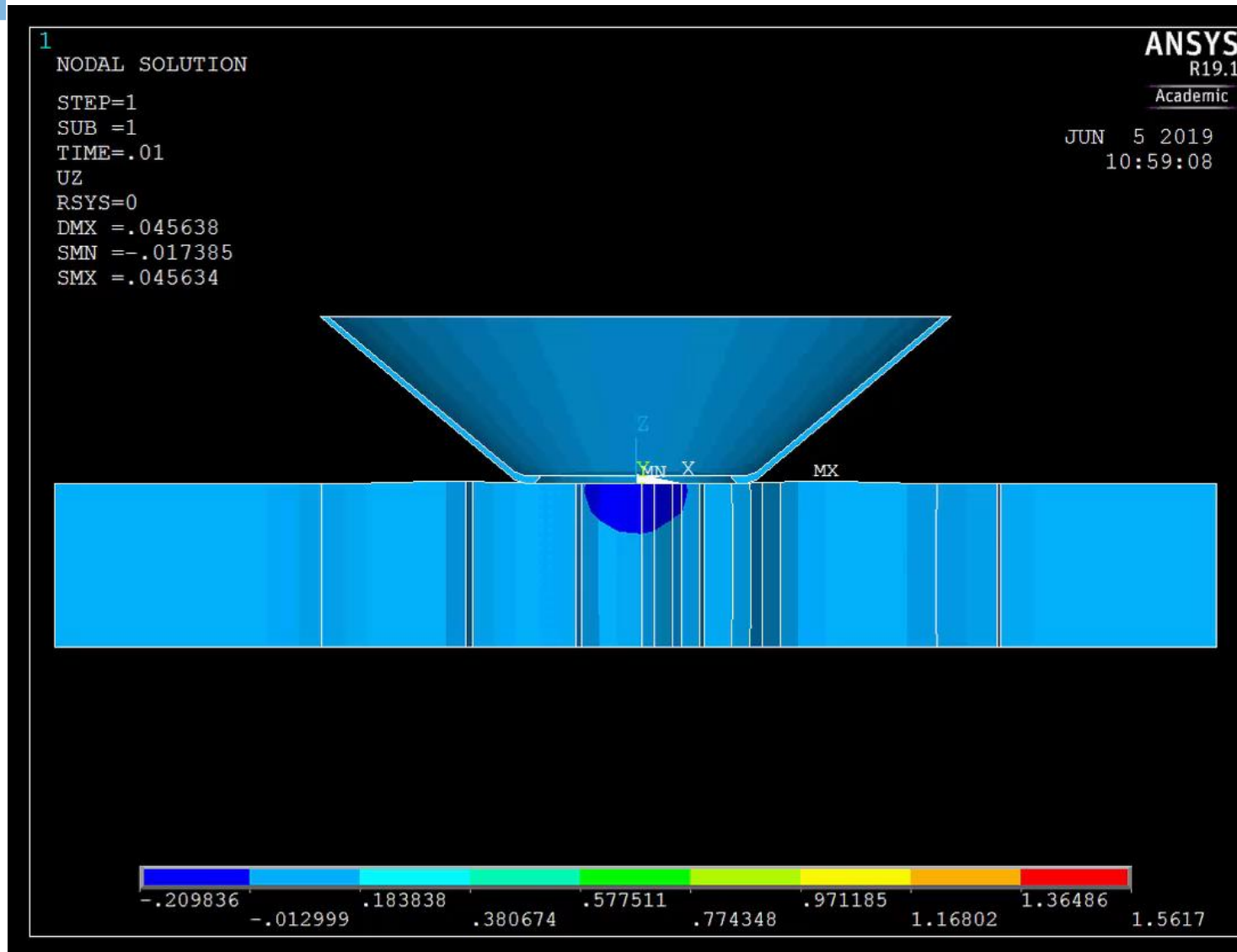
Layer	Stratum corneum	Epidermis	Dermis	Hypodermis
Thickness (mm)	0.02	0.2	1	3
E (MPa)	5	0.5	0.05	0.01

- ANSYS 3D model
- Friction skin-device (0,42)
- 500 mbar on sucked zone
- Boundary conditions
 - No displacement outside
 - No displacement on clamped area



5388 quadratic elements (SOLID186 20-node)

FEM : Preliminary results



Experimental comprehension

- *Complex structural test to understand*

DIC

- *Optimisation and rich information available*

FEM to evolve

More complex skin mechanical behavior

- *Hyperelasticity / Viscoelasticity / Anisotropy for FEM*

Sensitivity analysis

- *Influence of parameters (layers thickness / mechanical properties...)*

Inverse identification (FEMU)

Thank you
Any questions ?

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